# **CLECO POWER LLC DOLET HILLS POWER STATION**

ASH BASINS NO. 1 AND NO. 2 MANSFIELD, LA

2024 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report for the Coal Combustion Residuals Rule

January 2025



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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- Current groundwater monitoring program status: detection monitoring.
- Confirmed Statistically Significant Increases in downgradient monitoring wells for this reporting period: None.

#### **1.0** INTRODUCTION

Cleco Power LLC (Cleco) hereby presents the 2024 Annual Groundwater Monitoring report for Ash Basins No. 1 and No. 2 at the Dolet Hills Power Station (DHPS) located in Mansfield, Louisiana (**Figure 1**). This report summarizes groundwater sampling and analysis activities completed in accordance with applicable portions of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) Rule.

#### 2.0 FACILITY INFORMATION

Cleco owns and operates the DHPS located at 963 Power Plant Road, Mansfield, Louisiana 71052. The Ash Basins in service at the plant have been permitted to operate by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) Waste Permits Division. The materials deposited in these facilities are non-hazardous, on-site-generated materials only.

As required by the CCR Rule part §257.90, DHPS has a groundwater monitoring well system to evaluate the groundwater quality conditions near the Ash Basins. The monitoring system primarily consists of monitoring wells installed previously to conduct groundwater monitoring required by DHPS's LDEQ approved solid waste permits, and other monitoring wells installed more recently. A total of twelve monitoring wells have been installed per applicable portions of §257.91. The uppermost water bearing zone that is laterally continuous beneath the Ash Basins is referred to as Zone 4. Locations of the monitoring wells can be found on **Figure 2**, and a table of monitoring well construction details can be found in **Table 1**.

#### **3.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES**

Groundwater sampling events were conducted by Cleco approved contract personnel in accordance with applicable portions of §257.93. Semi-annual detection monitoring sampling events were conducted in March and September 2024.

The depth-to-water below the top of each well casing was measured and recorded prior to purging and sampling each well during each sampling event. Water levels were measured to the nearest 0.01 foot from the top of casing using an electronic water level indicator. Total depth of each well was also measured to confirm that the screened interval was open to groundwater flow. Water level measurements were recorded in groundwater sampling forms. The water level measurements were subtracted from the top of casing elevations to obtain the groundwater elevations.

Groundwater purging and sampling activities were conducted using electric submersible pumps. These activities were conducted in accordance with applicable portions of Sections 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and 8.1.4 of the *Standard Guide for Sampling Groundwater Monitoring Wells* (ASTM International, Publication D4448). Non-dedicated sampling equipment which came into contact with groundwater samples was decontaminated prior to sampling each well to reduce the potential for cross-contamination. Groundwater samples were collected by filling the sample containers directly from the disposable tubing connected to the pump or from a disposable bailer. Care was taken to minimize agitation of the samples. Samples were placed in laboratory-provided plastic containers with appropriate preservatives, per Section 9 of ASTM D4448. Samples were properly preserved on ice in the field and shipped to Waypoint Analytical of Ridgeland, Mississippi, or Eurofins Environment Testing America's Pensacola, Florida laboratory for analysis of the CCR groundwater detection monitoring parameters by the following methods: chloride, fluoride and sulfate by 300.0; total dissolved solids (TDS) by 2540C; and metals by 6010/6020. Full chain-of-custody protocols were observed during

sample collection, transportation, and analysis. Sample shipment/transport procedures were conducted per Sections 9.9 through 9.11 of ASTM D4448.

# 4.0 **GROUNDWATER FLOW EVALUATION**

Zone 4 is the most suitable water-bearing zone to monitor groundwater quality at the Ash Basins. The potentiometric surface maps prepared for Zone 4 (**Figures 3 and 4**) indicate that groundwater flow in Zone 4 mimics the topography of the site. This pattern of groundwater flow is consistent in the potentiometric surface maps, indicating little significant fluctuation in groundwater flow.

Groundwater flow rate was evaluated using the groundwater flow equation,  $v = [k(dh/dl)] / n_e$ . For this equation, v is groundwater flow velocity in ft/day, k is hydraulic conductivity in ft/day, dh/dl is hydraulic gradient in ft/ft, and  $n_e$  is effective porosity (unitless).

For Zone 4, hydraulic conductivity (k) values ranging from 2.0E-07 to 1.4E-02 ft/day were assumed based on slug tests completed at the site. Hydraulic gradient (dh/dl) values are listed below based on potentiometric surface maps completed for Zone 4. An effective porosity ( $n_e$ ) of 0.2 was assumed based on the soil types of Zone 4 (Fetter, 2001). Using these values, estimated groundwater flow rates (v) are listed below.

Date	Hydraulic Gradient (feet/feet)	Estimated Groundwater Flow Velocity (feet/day)		
March 2024	0.01 to 0.06	1.0E-08 to 4.4E-03		
September 2024	0.0 to 0.06	9.6E-09 to 3.9E-03		

It is important to note that this is an advective rate and does not take into account potential hydrogeological heterogeneities such as adsorption, biodegradation, dispersion, or other retarding factors in the groundwater flow in this zone. Additionally, variations in the advective flow may occur due to potential lateral geological heterogeneities.

#### 5.0 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Groundwater samples collected at the Ash Basins were analyzed for the CCR Rule detection monitoring parameters pH, boron, calcium, chloride, fluoride, sulfate and TDS using appropriate EPA approved analytical methods. Results show frequent detections of all parameters in both up- and downgradient monitoring wells at the Ash Basins. Analytical results are provided in **Table 2**.

## 6.0 STATISTICAL EVALUATION

Statistical evaluations of groundwater data have been performed per applicable portions of §257.93.f. The goal of the statistical evaluation is to determine if there is statistically significant evidence to show that facility operations may have adversely affected groundwater quality. Statistical evaluations are conducted to determine if there are any statistically significant increases (SSIs) between groundwater quality upgradient and groundwater quality downgradient of the Ash Basins.

Prediction limits are used to conduct statistical evaluations at the Ash Basins. Normal distributions of data values use parametric methods. Non-normal distributions use non-parametric methods, in which case, the prediction limit is based on the highest value in the background data set.

An interwell prediction limit was used to conduct a statistical evaluation of fluoride data at the Ash Basins. The prediction limit was constructed from the upgradient well data and based on the distribution of that data. The most recent result for each downgradient well for fluoride was compared to the applicable prediction limit.

Results of the interwell prediction limit for the 2024 detection monitoring groundwater data at the Ash Basins indicated that no SSIs were generated.

Due to statistically significant variation found in upgradient monitoring well data, detection monitoring parameters boron, calcium, chloride, pH, sulfate and TDS were statistically evaluated using intrawell prediction limits. Intrawell tests are within well comparisons. In the case of limit-based tests, historical data from within a given monitoring well for a given parameter are used to construct a limit. Compliance points are compared to the limit to determine whether a change is occurring on a per-well/per-parameter basis. Both upper and lower prediction limits are used to evaluate pH data.

Intrawell limit-based tests are recommended when there is evidence of spatial variation in groundwater quality, particularly among upgradient monitoring wells, as it is inappropriate to pool those data across monitoring wells for the purpose of creating interwell limits for comparison with compliance monitoring well data. Intrawell tests may be used at both new and existing facilities. Data used in the intrawell limit-based tests were screened for outliers, which, if found, were removed from the background data set prior to constructing limits for each well/parameter pair.

Verification resampling for SSIs is only conducted for SSIs generated in downgradient wells via intrawell methodology. Intrawell statistics have been performed on all wells; however, since the goal of the statistical evaluation is to determine if there is statistically significant evidence to show that facility operations may have adversely affected groundwater quality downgradient of the facilities, only downgradient wells are subject to verification resampling.

Intrawell statistical analysis of the 2024 detection monitoring groundwater data showed that no confirmed SSIs were generated in downgradient wells at the Ash Basins.

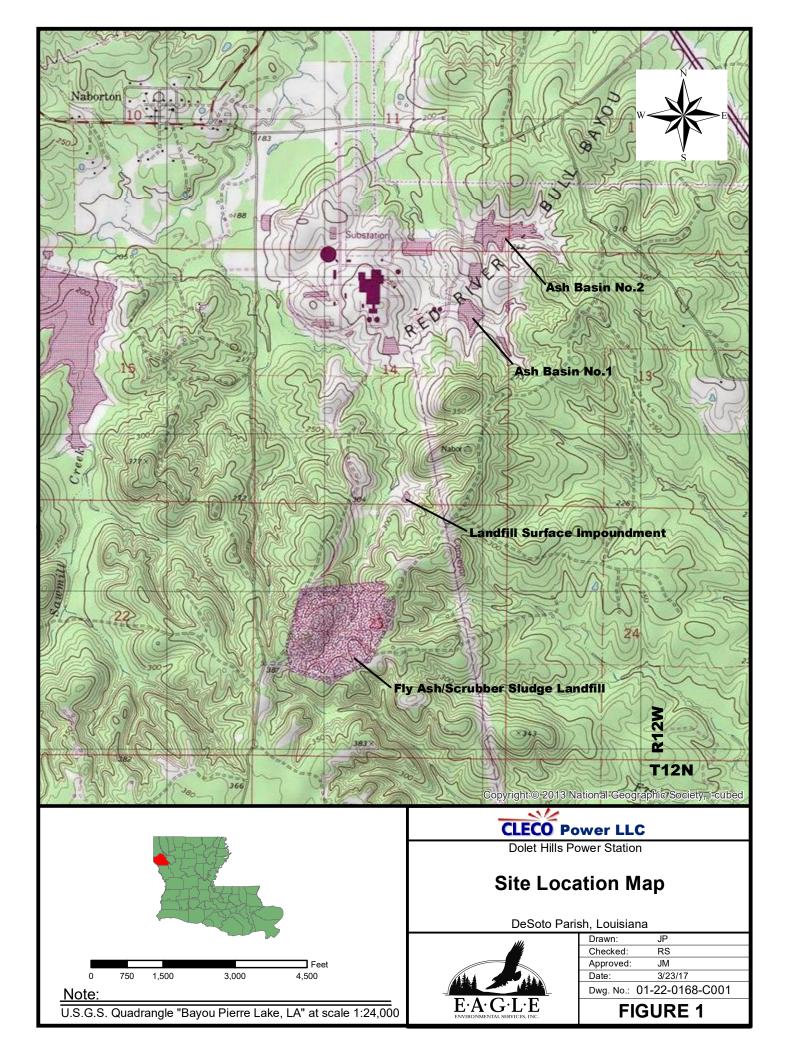
## 7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

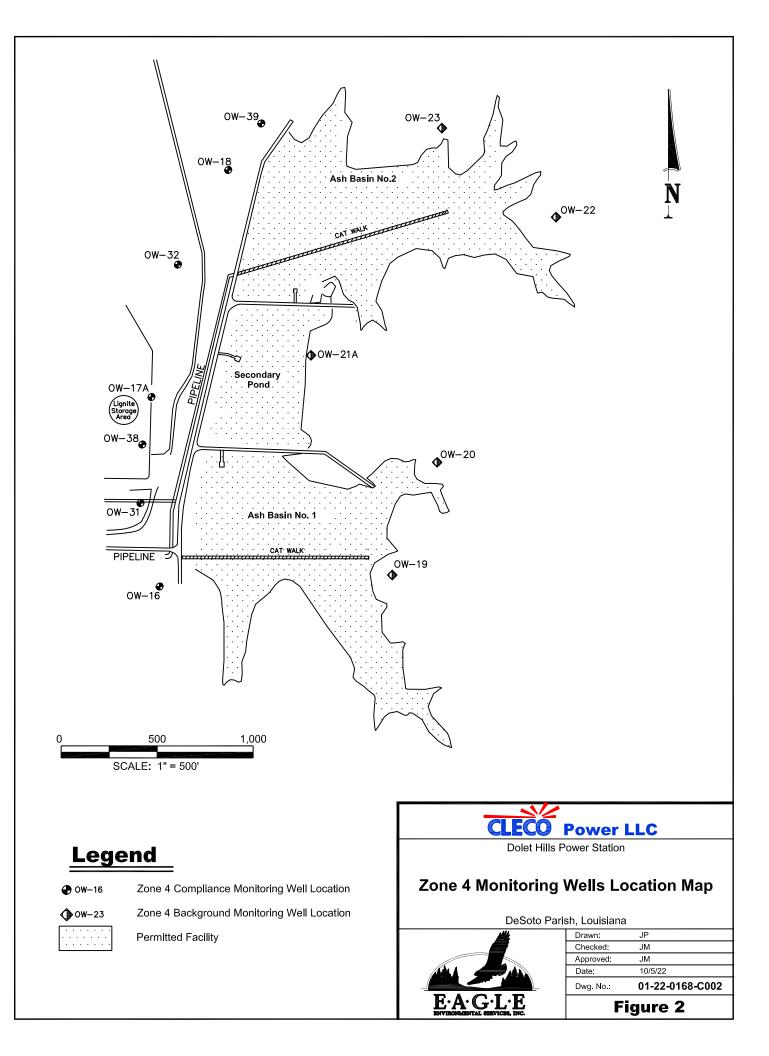
- Cleco DHPS has a monitoring well system to monitor groundwater quality at Ash Basins No. 1 and No. 2 per applicable portions of §257.91. The network consists of five upgradient and seven downgradient monitoring wells.
- Cleco conducted sufficient detection monitoring sampling events, per applicable portions of \$257.93 and \$257.94.
- Potentiometric surface evaluation at the Ash Basins indicates consistent groundwater flow to the west.
- Statistical evaluations of data conducted per applicable portions of §257.93 indicate that no confirmed SSIs have been generated in downgradient wells.
- Semi-annual detection monitoring sampling events are tentatively scheduled for March and September of 2025. Data generated during these sampling events will be included in the next annual report.

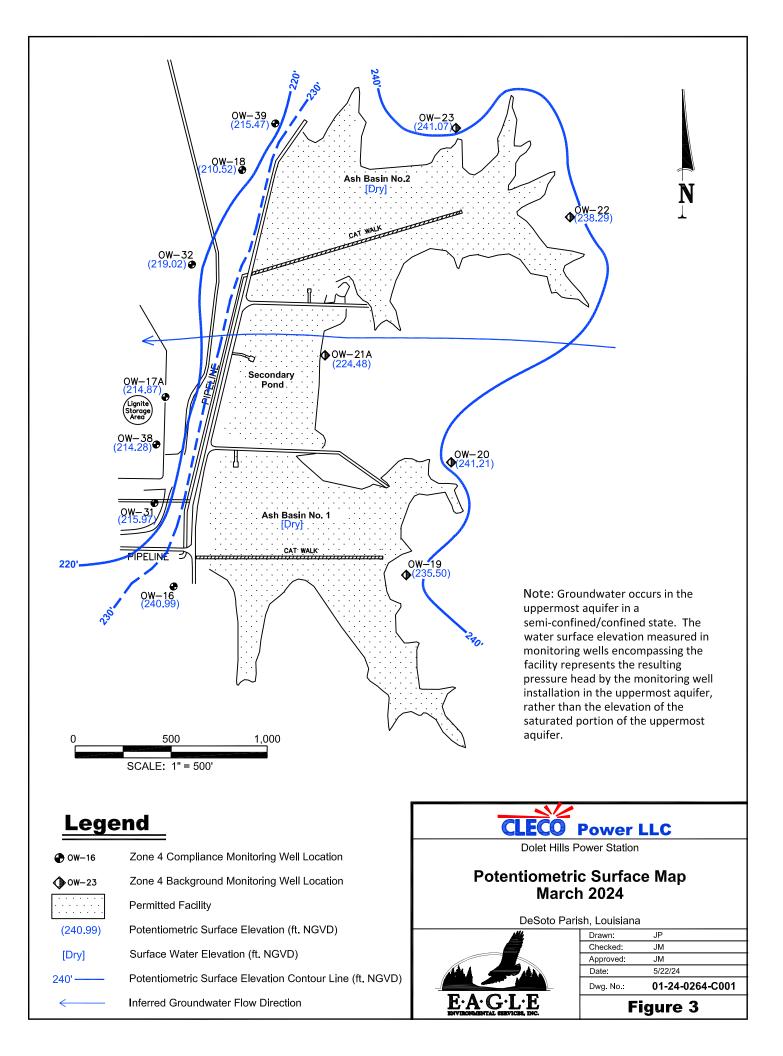
# 8.0 **CERTIFICATION**

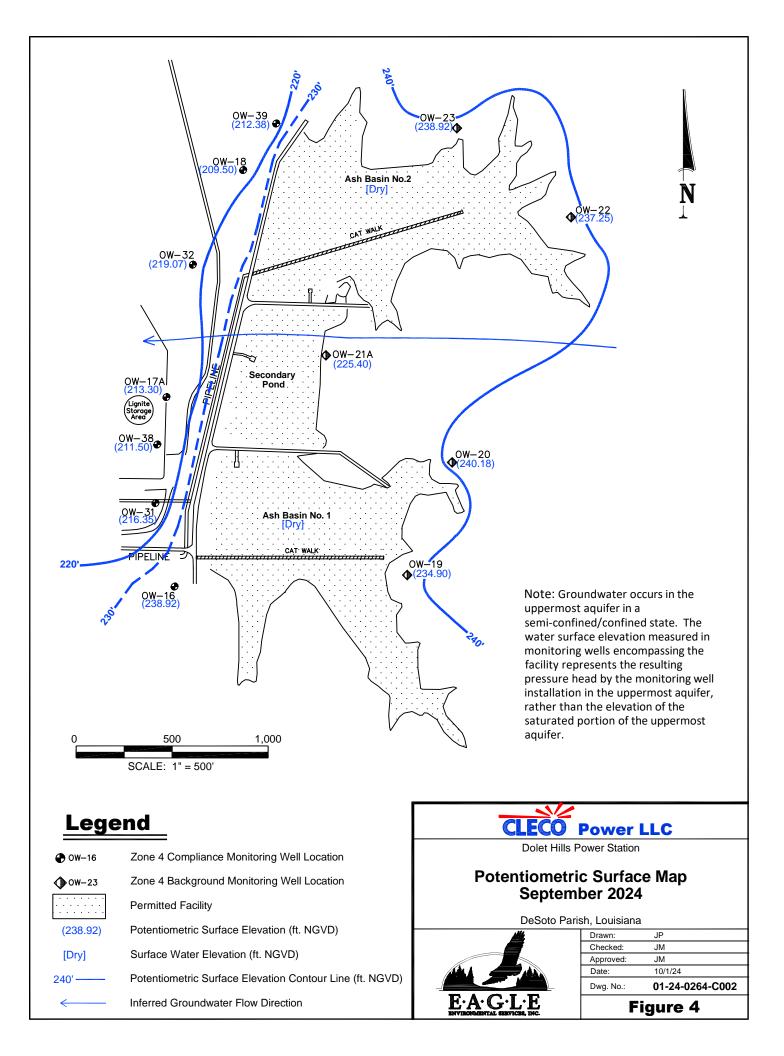
I hereby certify this annual groundwater monitoring report for Cleco Power LLC. I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Louisiana.

BRADLEY E. BATES * LIC. NO. 27124 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IN ENGINEER	
	27124
Signature	PE Registration Number
Bradley E. Bates	Professional Engineer
Name	Title
Eagle Environmental Services, Inc.	12/23/2024
Company	Date











# Table 1 Monitoring Well Information

Well Number	OW-16	OW-17A	OW-18	OW-19	OW-20	OW-21A
Up or Down Gradient	D	D	D	U	U	U
Ash Basin Unit Monitored	AB No. 1	AB No. 1	AB No. 2	Both	Both	Both
Latitude (dd°mm'ss")	32°03'26"	32°03'36"	32°03'47"	32°03'26"	32°01'52"	32°01'56"
Longitude (dd°mm'ss")	93°31'52"	93°31'53"	93°31'49"	93°31'52"	93°33'31"	93°33'41"
Casing Elevation (ft NGVD)	254.95	231.57	218.44	260.01	258.84	244.40
Well Depth (ft bgs)	42.0	45.3	31.5	34.1	31.8	31.9
Screen Length (ft)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Top of Screen (ft NGVD)	217.97	194.13	194.17	230.98	234.39	219.93
Bottom of Screen (ft NGVD)	207.97	184.13	184.17	220.98	224.39	209.93
Casing Diameter & Material	4" PVC	4" PVC	4" PVC	4" PVC	4" PVC	4" PVC
-						
Well Number	OW-22	OW-23	OW-31	OW-32	OW-38	OW-39
Up or Down Gradient	U	U	D	D	D	D
Ash Basin Unit Monitored	Both	Both	AB No. 1	AB No. 2	AB No. 1	AB No. 2
Latitude (dd°mm'ss")	32°02'07"	32°02'10"	32°01'51"	32°02'05"	32°01'55"	32°02'10"
Longitude (dd°mm'ss")	93°33'22"	93°33'31"	93°33'51"	93°33'48"	93°33'50"	93°33'44"
Casing Elevation (ft NGVD)	256.98	255.55	221.71	237.65	221.60	228.96
Well Depth (ft bgs)	31.1	38.4	29.5	30.0	37.3	32.5
Screen Length (ft)	10	10	10	10	10	10
		004 57	199.11	214.7	192.36	203.69
Top of Screen (ft NGVD)	234.19	224.57	199.11	Z14.7	192.30	203.07
Top of Screen (ft NGVD) Bottom of Screen (ft NGVD)	234.19 224.19	224.57	199.11	204.7	192.36	193.69



# Table 2 2024 Analytical Data Summary

Parameter/Well/Date		Boron	Calcium	Chloride	Fluoride	рН	Sulfate	TDS
OW-16	3/27/24	0.841	286	340	<1.25	7.21	1,250	2,920
000-10	9/5/24	0.755	221	321	<1.25	6.57	1,180	2,800
OW-17A	3/27/24	2.09	67.3	817	<1.25	7.34	13.2	1,980
UW-17A	9/5/24	1.95	63.9	857	<1.25	7.09	18.9	1,960
014/ 10	3/27/24	0.191	12.1	42.7	<1.25	6.88	<10	327
OW-18	9/5/24	0.14	12.9	46.7	<1.25	6.23	<10	386
	3/27/24	0.303	6.36	30.3	<1.25	7.3	16.3	435
OW-19 (BG)	9/5/24	0.29	5.19	24.6	<1.25	7.08	16.3	503
011/ 20 (50)	3/27/24	0.325	38.5	80.3	<1.25	7.16	126	597
OW-20 (BG)	9/5/24	0.285	31.9	75.4	<1.25	6.94	136	590
	3/27/24	0.554	381	503	<1.25	6.74	1,250	3,670
OW-21A (BG)	9/5/24	0.538	323	430	<1.25	6.84	1,790	3,930
0.11/ 22 (50)	3/27/24	0.102	149	198	<1.25	7.18	349	1,250
OW-22 (BG)	9/5/24	0.094	149	187	<1.25	6.72	372	1,410
	3/27/24	1.5	242	484	<1.25	7.23	1,580	3,830
OW-23 (BG)	9/5/24	1.33	207	502	<1.25	6.94	1,850	4,130
014/ 21	3/27/24	3.2	85	1,330	<1.25	7.4	<10	2,530
OW-31	9/5/24	2.8	77.6	1,270	<1.25	7.16	<10	2,600
014/ 22	3/27/24	1.97	522	544	<1.25	6.69	3,660	6,530
OW-32	9/5/24	1.46	397	444	<1.25	6.44	4,110	6,680
014/ 20	3/27/24	1.97	18.1	160	<1.25	7.79	<10	692
OW-38	9/5/24	1.8	15.5	159	<1.25	7.1	<10	730
01// 20	3/27/24	0.752	429	1,730	<1.25	7.32	2,320	7,130
OW-39	9/5/24	1.21 / 1.1*	317	1,910	<1.25	6.85	2,770	7,090
	-	-		-	-		-	

\* 12/3/24 resampling result